THE PINAMAY







At the end of the day, God is less concerned with what we do for Him than who we are in Him. Few figures illustrate that truth better than Jonah. Focused on the prophet rather than his prophecy, the story of Jonah gives us a picture of a man on the run due to his own selfish desires. Instead of showing mercy to his enemies, he determined to keep God's grace to himself rather than share it with those he considered undeserving. Can you relate?

Over the course of 8 verse-by-verse sessions, pastor and author Eric Mason expands our vision to see that Jonah's story is our own. Far more than a thrilling Sunday school adventure, it offers a profound glimpse into the conflict that occurs when God calls resistant believers to His mission. More importantly, it underscores the depths of His compassion not only in redeeming the lost, but redeeming those He has called to participate in His reconciling work.

So climb aboard and settle in as Eric reveals how God uses extraordinary circumstances to break our hearts of selfishness, convince us of His tender care, and unite our lives to His glory.

Accessing The Material

On the following pages you will find all of the information needed to go through the Jonah Life Group Material. There are corresponding videos that can be accessed through our "RightNow Media" account with the church. If you don't have an account, simply go to rightnowmedia.org/Account/Invite/BrackenRidge BaptistChurch. After creating an account simply search "The Book Of Jonah" to access the 8 weeks

rightnow MEDIA

or click HERE if viewing on your computer.

If you are unable for some reason to access the material through these different means, please simply email office@brbc.org.au or call 07 3261 5045.



Session 1: Jonah 1:1–3	
<u>OPEN</u>	
Can you think of a time when you reacted poorly to an inconvenient situation? (flat tire, difficult boss, traffic jam, dead phone battery, disobedient children, etc.)	
What did you learn about yourself from the way you reacted?	
Often times, the best judge of someone's character is how he or she responds when faced with a challenging circumstance. From beginning to end, the Bible teaches us that our actions and attitudes indicate the contents of our hearts—the book of Jonah is no exception. Even more, it introduces us to a God who faithfully draws to the surface those portions of our lives that are not in full submission to Him. From the very start of Jonah, we will find both of these points to be true. In this session, Jonah's response to the call of God gives us clear insight into the priorities of his heart.	
READ	
Read Jonah 1:1–3.	
WATCH	
Show Session 1: Jonah 1:1–3 (8:40 minutes).	
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DISCUSS As you listened to Eric Mason, what made an impression on you? What stood out? What did Eric key in on as the main focus of this passage, and as the running theme for the book of Jonah? The first three verses along with the book as a whole demonstrate how our response to God's call unearths the character of our hearts and underscores our desperate need for Him. What did you learn about Israel and Nineveh at the time of Jonah's life? How did Eric describe each nation? **GO DEEPER** Learn more about the historical setting of Jonah in the following passages: 2 Kings 13:1-5, 10-11, 14-19, 22-23; 14:23-27 What do these verses teach us about the state of Israel during Jonah's time? It was besieged by Syria, but protected by the kindness of God (2 Kings 13:23). They also experienced prosperity and restored borders despite the evil of their king (14:23, 25). Who was Israel's king when God called Jonah? How does Scripture describe him? (2 Kings 14:23) Judging by the character of its leadership, Israel's spiritual state was clearly lacking. What does Israel's disobedience teach us about the character of God? What words would you use to describe His interactions with His people?

According to verse 2, what purpose did God have for sending Jonah to Nineveh? What does this tell us about God? Many today take for granted God's active participation in human events. These verses show us that God sees everything and is both active in history and serious about sin in the world. How does Jonah respond to God's call? What does Jonah's response reveal about the character of his heart? **DUST OFF THE HEBREW** Verse 3 describes Jonah's disobedience to the call of God saying that he fled to Tarshish "from the presence of the Lord." The phrase milliphne Yahweh literally means, "from the face of the Lord" and is the same expression used to describe Cain's broken relationship with God in Genesis 4:16. Throughout Scripture, its positive form (*liphne*) is used in connection with those who "stand in the presence of the Lord," in faithful service to Him (1 Kings 17:1; 18:15; Jer. 15:19). Jonah clearly understood God's sovereignty over all of creation (1:9). Thus, his decision to flee was not simply an attempt to escape the presence of God—which is impossible—but an open declaration of his rebellion against the call to serve His God.

Eric listed the following items as possible descriptors of Jonah's inner life: He hated Assyria, of which Nineveh was a major urban center. • He feared how the people would treat him. • He saw Israel as more deserving of God's love than Nineveh. He had the right theology, but the wrong disposition. His personal preferences conflicted with God's character. • He refused to love the unlovable. Ultimately, we will find that his disobedience stemmed from fear, namely, fear that God would relent and allow Nineveh to endure in response to their repentance (4:2). **GO DEEPER** Compare Jonah's response to that of other notable figures in the Old Testament (key in especially on the initial action of each following the call of God): Gen. 12:1, 4; 22:2-3; 1 Kings 17:9-10; 18:1-2; 2 Kings 1:15; 1 Chron. 21:10-11, 18-19 How did each individual respond to God's call? (He rose/went, as was the expectation for God's prophets—to obey His word.) How is Jonah 1:3 similar to these passages? What might an Israelite have expected Jonah to do upon reading verses 1–2? What are some contemporary examples of similarly shocking decisions, like that of Jonah's decision to do the opposite of God's charge? (extramarital affair, embezzlement, pastoral moral failure, denial of the faith, etc.) rightnow MEDIA

God calls us to faithful gospel ministry with those He has placed in our midst, which always brings to the surface	
the issues we hide inside. When that happens, we are faced with the same decision as Jonah—to obey God's	
call to share the gospel with the lost or to turn away to	
our own preferences.	
Who are the "unlovables" in our lives?	
What do we reveal about ourselves when we fail to love the "unlovables" in our lives the way God has loved us?	
Eric showed that Jonah betrayed his belief that Israel stood on a higher moral ground than Assyria. In doing so, it showed that Jonah had forgotten the unlovable	
state in which Israel stood prior to God's saving them. The same could be said for Nineveh at his time as well	
as anyone else we fail to love with the love of God	
today.	
What are some of the personal beliefs that can govern our theology if we are not careful?	
1. Politics	
2. Ethnicity	
3. Nationality4. Religion	
5. Comfort	
6. Socio-Economic Status	
As Eric said, the Church today is known less for what it	
supports than for what it opposes. Because of that, many see the Church as lacking compassion, even	
though Jesus demonstrated tremendous compassion	
throughout His earthly life.	
As you think about the life of Jesus, what are some	
examples of His compassion that come to mind?	
What keeps you from seeing the lost like Jesus?	
Who is God calling you to show compassion toward today? What is behind your theology that keeps it	
from becoming faithful obedience?	
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LAST WORD God's Word is far more than ink on a page. It is living and active and calls us to respond appropriately. Following God requires the right information, but also the correct disposition. In the case of Jonah, he understood his theology well, but he did not put it into practice in a way that honored God. Instead, he allowed his preferences to rule his response. We are prone to the same. God's Word actively confronts us, and our response demonstrates the contents of our hearts. Many times our response reveals a preference for comfort over ministering to others, let alone our enemies. But God's compassion extends to people from every tongue, tribe, and nation. Pay attention to your life. Be honest about your response. Allow God to diagnose your condition. We serve a gracious God and if our misdeeds are never hidden from Him, neither are our needs (Isa. 40:27). **LIVE IT OUT** Prayer: Before you start each day this week, stop and ask God to give you the boldness to love those who feel unlovable in your life. **Encouragement:** Identify someone struggling with an area of life where God has called him or her to challenging obedience. Be intentional about making time to speak words of hope and comfort to them to build them up in bold obedience. Confession: If you find yourself in a similar season of running from God like Jonah, seek out a believer you trust and talk to them about your struggles. Do so anticipating the kindness and mercy of God extended to you in Jesus Christ. **Journaling:** Each evening this week, take a few moments to reflect on your day and write out three ways you responded to circumstances that stood out to you, good or bad. Worship: Think back on your life and list out some of the

significant times God has called you out of comfort and into fruitful obedience. As you go about your week, make time to intentionally thank Him through song, prayer and praise

prayer, and praise.

Session 2: Jo	onah 1:4–6	
OPEN		
Have you ever slept missed an importan	t through your alarm clock and nt appointment?	
What made you so	tired?	
What did it take for	you to wake up?	
to more than one kir engage in physical s	at we, as human beings, are prone nd of sleep. While we regularly sleep, we also have the potential to causing us to overlook the	
• • •	participate in His work of redeeming	
READ		
Read Jonah 1:4–6.		
WATCH		
Show Session 2: <i>Jor</i>	nah 1:4–6 (8:00 minutes).	
DISCUSS		
What stood out to y anything that speci	ou from this session? Did Eric say fically struck you?	
	tions demonstrate what Eric called	
a "demotion" as the	e prophet ran from God?	
•	easing numbness toward the heart of t led, his heart followed. As he ran,	
	d, which served as a physical e downward spiral of his spiritual	
siaic.		
How have you seen	this connection between the	
physical and spiritu that of others?	al illustrated in your own life or	
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DUST OFF THE HEBREW

In verse 4, God is said to have "hurled a great wind upon the sea." Other English versions of the Bible translate the verb (tul) as "sent." All of them point out that God has an active role in the distressing circumstances that follow. Elsewhere, the term is used to describe a person throwing a spear (1 Sam. 18:11; 20:33) and God's active judgment in the form of sending (or "hurling") the disobedient into exile (Isa. 22:17; Jer. 22:26). The same verb is used three more times in the chapter—the sailors "hurl" cargo into the sea (1:5), Jonah asks to be "hurled" into the sea (1:12), and the sailors comply (1:15). Interestingly enough, when the term is used of God and the sailors, it is active describing them as the agents of the action.

When it is used in connection with Jonah, he is a passive agent asking others to complete the action for him. This gives us further insight into his spiritual disposition.	
As we learned at the start, actions teach us something about the character of those we are watching. In the case of Jonah, his actions demonstrate a heart of bitterness and unforgiveness toward his enemies. What does God's willingness to intervene in our idolatry teach us about His character?	
What are some examples of things that compete with God's call for our attention?	
Jonah's hatred for Nineveh drove him to flee from God. Rather than go to the city to which he was called, he traveled in the opposite direction, went down to the bottom of a ship, and lay down. Though he tried to move farther away from God, he could not escape. God was close at hand, drawing Jonah back to Himself.	
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GO DEEPER Learn more about the connection between obedience and joy in these passages: Deut. 6:1-4; Ps. 34:8; 119:103; Matt. 11:28-30; 1 John 5:3 Scripture makes a crucial connection between obedience and joy. Like Jonah, when we run from God, we descend into spiritual despair. But when we follow Him in obedience, no matter the cost, we find true, unwavering joy in His presence. How do these verses describe God's commands? **Leader:** Lead your group away from the idea of God's commands being easy or comfortable they are not—and more toward an understanding that His commands bring blessing by way of a greater intimacy with Him. What do they say about the result of being obedient to His commands? In what ways do they challenge your current view of God's commands? How do they help you see them rightly? **Leader:** Encourage your group to see God's commands as healthy, beneficial, and for their good even if they challenge their comforts and securities. How would you characterize your current spiritual life? Can you identify any areas where God may be calling you to greater obedience? rightnow MEDIA

Despite the storm, Jonah goes into the depths of the	
ship and falls into a deep sleep. The unbelieving crew	
begins to act hoping they can preserve themselves by	
dumping cargo over the side of the boat. Finally, the	
captain discovers Jonah and tells him to wake up.	
What significance does Eric draw from the captain's	
order for Jonah to wake up? (He compares it to Paul's	
words in Ephesians 5:14 where he exhorts his readers to	
wake from their spiritual slumber to vibrant faith in Jesus Christ.)	
Cilist.)	
How does one "wake up" spiritually? (Faith,	
repentance, and confession.)	
GO DEEPER	
Re-read the following verses for a better grasp	
of the irony in Jonah:	
Jonah 1:2, 6	
What are the similarities between God's	
statement to Jonah (1:2) and that of the ship's	
captain (1:6)?	
Captain (110).	
The captain uses the same two verbs ("arise"	
and "call out") as God did in Jonah's original	
commission.	
What does this insight tell us about Jonah's	
spiritual disposition? What does it tell us	
about God's faithfulness to redeem?	
Miles I de la Caracia de Caracia de Caracia de la Caracia de Carac	
What does ignoring God's wake up call lead to? (Deep spiritual sleep, like that illustrated by Jonah 1:5.)	
spiritual sleep, like triat illustrated by Johan 1.5.)	
Throughout Jonah, his consistent disobedience	
contrasts with the quick repentance and belief of	
unbelievers. Chapter 1 introduces us to the first of these	
instances beginning in verse 6 with the captain's	
command, which reflects a closer commitment than	
Jonah to the things of God despite being an unbeliever.	
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DUST OFF THE HEBREW

In verse 4, the storm is described as having such an effect on the ship that it "threatened to break up." The verb we translate "threatened" (hasab) is often translated "consider" or "plan" when the person doing it is human or divine (Prov. 16:9, 30; 24:8; Hos. 7:15; Dan. 2:13). The term adds a personified quality to the ship in a way that makes it sound as though it had determined itself to break apart. This is significant because it sketches a complete contrast to the prophet of God. While Jonah slept, the wind, sea, ship, and its unbelieving crew responded appropriately to God. As Jonah committed to disobedience, everything around him-including inanimate objectssought to obey God.

At this point in the story, the ship was Jonah's confidence. He paid for it, boarded it, and trusted it to	
safely transport him away from the responsibility God gave to him. In response, God sent a great wind to	
break apart the ship in which Jonah had placed his confidence.	
How does the idea of God breaking up the things we	
place our confidence in sit with you?	
While it may not seem so at first glance, this scene is	
one of our early glimpses of God's kindness toward Jonah. Despite the prophet's rebellion, God intervenes	
to offer him the opportunity for redemption from his selfishness.	
What storms are you facing? What is God breaking apart to wake you spiritually?	
So far, Jonah has been an example of how not to	
respond to the calling of God. Fortunately, we have a	
Savior in Jesus Christ who responded in perfect obedience no matter the cost.	
Someone read Matthew 16:21–23, 26:38, and Hebrews 12:1–2.	
How does the example of Jesus contrast with that of Jonah?	
Though He did not face "storms" for disobedience,	
Jesus suffered greatly throughout His earthly life.	
How should Jesus' model of perseverance encourage us to remain faithful in the storms we face today?	
us to remain faithful in the storms we face today.	

LAST WORD When we flee from God, we do nothing but damage to ourselves. In reality, there is no escape. He is everywhere, always, and He will do whatever it takes to get to the heart of those He desires. For Jonah, that meant sending a violent storm that threatened to destroy the ship on which he slept. God's commands are rarely easy, but they are always good. As we saw in this session, the Bible portrays a close connection between joy and obedience. When we run from God, we descend spiritually to an unhappy destination. Thankfully, we have a merciful God who is faithful in His love to break apart whatever stands between us and His call on our lives. His storms are meant to gain our attention. If you are experiencing one today, choose not to see it as an inconvenience, but an opportunity. Wherever you find yourself, commit to talking with God. Trust Him with your fears, your struggles, and your weakness. Allow Him to use you for your good and for His glory. **LIVE IT OUT** Prayer: Whether or not God is confronting selfcenteredness in your life, ask Him to shape your heart to see His interruptions as blessings. **Listen:** Identify two or three mature Christians and ask to spend time connecting with them. Ask about the ways God has interrupted their lives for spiritual maturity and let their testimonies encourage you onward. Perspective: As you go about your week, pay attention to the interruptions to your routine. Make a conscious effort to view them as God-given opportunities to grow in your faith. **Draw:** What comes to mind when you think of the words "asleep" and "awake"? Create a visual image that best represents your understanding of how God has woken you from spiritual slumber. Memorize: Commit Ephesians 5:14 to memory with the prayer that God would awaken you spiritually wherever needed.

Session 3: Jonah 1:7–16	
OPEN	
Describe a time in your life when someone made a promise to you. (marriage vows, a friend's attendance at an event, political assurances, family travel plans, etc.)	
If you trusted their promise, what made you certain they would follow through? What did they do to convince you?	
If you were skeptical about their promise, what caused your lack of confidence?	
One of the major themes in Jonah is the connection between external response and internal belief. The ways we act show what we truly believe on the inside and when they do not line up, it reveals a misunderstanding on our part.	
READ	
Read Jonah 1:7–16.	
WATCH	
Show Session 3: Jonah 1:7–16 (6:50 minutes).	
rightnow MEDIA	

DISCUSS At the beginning of the video, Eric offered a brief review of what we have studied up to this point. We can summarize the main themes of our first two sessions as: Session 1: Jonah's rejection of God's call Session 2: God's commitment to Jonah in the midst of his disobedience These are big themes that touch all of our lives at different points. Even as believers, we never obey God perfectly, yet He remains committed to finishing the work He began in us through faith in Christ. So before we begin this session, let's take a minute for reflection. How has God been using the book of Jonah in your life over these last two weeks? Where are you feeling convicted to grow? In what ways have you felt encouraged to live differently? For today's session, the main theme is: Session 3: The contrast in character between Jonah and the sailors What are some of the ways Jonah 1:7-16 contrasts Jonah's character with that of the sailors? The following is a list of examples from the passage: 1. Jonah shows no reverence for God; the sailors exhibit legitimate fear (1:10). 2. Jonah has no value for his life; the sailors try to spare his life (1:12-13). 3. Jonah does not pray; the sailors cry out to God (1:14).4. Jonah is thrown overboard; the sailors sacrifice and make vows to God (1:15-16).

GO DEEPER Learn more about the casting of lots in these passages: Lev. 16:8-10; Josh. 7:10-21; 18:10; 1 Sam. 10:20-22; Prov. 16:33 What did you learn from these passages about the function of casting lots? Why did the ship's crew cast lots? How does this scene compare to that of Achan (Josh. 7:10-21)? What was God trying to do in the life of Jonah? While the Old Testament includes accounts of God's people casting lots, it was also a superstitious pagan practice for unbelievers, like the ship's crew. They did not have the divine will of the God of Israel in mind when casting lots, though He ultimately used the action to reveal His will.

Even though the ship's crew did not cast lots out of obedience to God, He used their actions to shed light on Jonah's guilt.	
on sonan's gant.	
What does the scene with the sailors casting lots teach you about God?	
How does it reveal His sovereignty?	
How does Jonah respond? In what ways does he model for us what not to do when God confronts us in our sin?	
Eric made the following observations on 1:8–10:	
"I am a Hebrew"	
Jonah exhibits pride masking his need for God "I fear the LORD"	
Jonah answers theologically without application	
"the God of heaven, who made the sea and dry land"	
Despite knowing his God, Jonah continues to run from the Ruler of creation	
Eric summarized Jonah's response saying, "He has the	
theological aptitude without the practical application." In	
other words, Jonah had all the right answers, but his actions did not reflect a true belief in what he claimed.	
Why is it important that our lives actively reflect what we believe?	
How have you worked to make the connection between belief and action in your own life?	
Where could you improve?	
What are the consequences for failing to make that	
connection? How does Jonah's story teach us the ways in which our disobedience affects others?	
ways in which our disobedience directs others.	
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DUST OFF THE HEBREW

Jonah's first time speaking in the book (1:9) depicts a man disconnected from reality. He explained to the ship's crew that he was a Hebrew who worshiped the Creator and Ruler of all creation. Nonetheless, he was on the run from God. In response, the men cried out, "What is this you have done!" (1:10). The phrase, *mazot aseet*, is an exact copy of the question God asked of Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden (Gen. 3:13). For a Jewish reader, that scene would likely have come to mind. It displays an added layer of irony since it was uttered by the ship's crew. In this scene, they are depicted as more of a prophet than Jonah.

So far, Eric has shown how Jonah's actions reflect a spiritual disconnect on the part of his inner life with what he claims to believe. Though he describes himself as one who should be committed faithfully to the desires of God, his actions do not line up. What are some adjectives you would use to describe Jonah's inner life according to 1:10–16?

In contrast to Jonah, how do the sailors respond?

Here are some examples from 1:10-16:

"Then the men were exceedingly afraid..."

They experience legitimate fear in contrast to Jonah's passivity

"Nevertheless, the men rowed hard..."

They attempt to spare Jonah's life while he shows not value for repentance

"Therefore, they called out to the LORD..."

They cry out to God whereas Jonah has not once prayed

"..they offered a sacrifice to the LORD and made vows."

They exhibit devotion to God while Jonah resigns himself to his fate

What does this passage teach us about the importance of repentance?

DUST OFF THE HEBREW Having learned they would have to throw Jonah overboard, the ship's crew "rowed hard to get back to dry land" (1:13). The term (hatal) translated as "row" literally means "to dig" and visualizes the sailors digging into the water ferociously. Despite their best efforts, they could not reach the shore to leave Jonah behind because the wind grew stronger and the sea increased in danger. The scene demonstrates that God had other ends in mind for Jonah's situation. Their solution was one that would have had little consequence for Jonah. But God had more in mind for the sake of calling Jonah to repentance, a posture he showed no signs of throughout this scene. Chapter 1 comes to a close with both a warning and an encouragement. It warns us against the consequence of disobedience for both ourselves and those around us, but demonstrates God's graciousness when His people go astray. What does this passage teach us about the character of God? How have you seen God interrupt your life to draw you to Him? Eric said, "No matter how bad you have messed up, God is able to bring His will to pass." How does that statement encourage you today? How could it embolden your obedience? In what ways should it set you free from believing God's will depends on your performance? How should it embolden your obedience, knowing that God desires faithfulness over perfection?

LAST WORD Belief and response are inseparable. The ways in which we live our lives reflect what we truly believe on the inside. When we fail to live out our faith, we harden ourselves toward God and may bring trouble to those around us, like Jonah did with the sailors. Of course, none of us walks in perfect obedience. We are sinners living in a sinful world, which means there will always be levels of inconsistency. But our awareness of those inconsistencies should motivate us toward repentance rather than resignation. God is gracious, so much so that He is willing to divinely interrupt our disobedience to draw us back to Himself. Trust Him to mold you in such a way as to bridge the gap between head knowledge and life application. **LIVE IT OUT Prayer:** Invite God to bring to the surface those areas of your heart where you are resisting His desires for your life. Make that the central theme of your prayer throughout the coming week. List: Review Jonah 1:7–16 and list out the contrasting character traits covered in the session. Over the next few days, look over your notes and consider which characteristics best resemble your life, all for the sake of identifying where you have the potential to grow in your walk with Jesus Christ. Connect: Because of our limitations, we cannot always see the ways we resist God's call. Think about a mature believer in your life and invite him or her to speak in honest love about where they see you spiritually. More importantly, invite him or her to point out any ways they see you resisting God's call in your life. **Resolve:** If you reached the end of this lesson certain of your resistance to God's call, reflect on the kindness of God to Jonah. Even more, reflect on the kindness of God to you in Jesus Christ. Lay down your fears and resolve to live in obedience in light of His love. Volunteer: If you reached the end of this session without identifying clear resistance in your life, thank God for that gift. Look for opportunities to pour yourself out even more—volunteer this week for a duty in your

church that others often avoid.

Session 4: Jonah 1:17–2:10	
<u>OPEN</u>	
Have you ever been the victim of a con? (online purchase, discounted home/car repair, someone posing falsely via phone call, email scam, etc.)	
What led you to believe the product/person was trustworthy?	
How did you realize you received something counterfeit?	
Stories abound of people trusting a friendly face only to find themselves the victim of sinister motives beneath the mask. More than likely, we have been fooled by someone or something claiming to be something it is not. In life, we have the potential to engage in counterfeit spirituality, like Jonah in the belly of the great fish.	
READ	
Read Jonah 1:17–2:10.	
WATCH	
Show Session 4: <i>Jonah 1:17–2:10 (</i> 8:55 minutes).	
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DISCUSS	
From cover to cover, the Bible introduces us to a God who is faithful when we are faithless. Scripture contains countless examples of individuals who walk in disobedience—we see it in our own lives as well—yet God remains gracious and committed, introducing opportunities for repentance that His people would return to Him.	
What does the fact that God "appointed" the great fish tell us about His character?	
God is patient and does not abandon His people. Even in their disobedience, He provides numerous—and even supernatural—opportunities for repentance.	
How has God demonstrated His compassion in your life?	
How does God's patience with Jonah encourage you in your walk with Him?	
When we think of God's pursuit, we tend to consider it in gentle terms. While God is tender, He is also serious about our rebellion, which we see in the story of Jonah. Often times, He interrupts our lives in ways that are both inconvenient and painful. In what ways has Jonah's story changed your thinking about the way God pursues us?	
How does this story give us a glimpse of the gospel?	
Despite Jonah's rebellion, God keeps coming after him, providing opportunity after opportunity to return to God. As Eric said, "The gospel is God coming after us, not us coming after HimGod is not just after us to come into a relationship with Him, but also to remain in fellowship with Him."	
When you think about the way God interacts with Jonah, what would you say it reveals about His utmost concern with His people?	
God cares more about who we are in Him than what we do for Him. In the end, who we are will drive what we do. When our identity is anchored in Him, our lives will follow suit.	
Those who have spent a significant portion of their lives in church often grow accustomed to Christian language without a deep reflection on its meaning. "Repentance"	

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GO DEEPER Learn more about the counterfeit repentance in Jonah's prayer through these verses: Ps. 3:1-8; 18:1-6; 65:1-8; 116:3-5 How do the psalmists speak about God compared to how Jonah speaks about God? God's character is the basis of their praise. Jonah hardly mentions the character of God. He's focused almost exclusively on his inconvenient circumstances. What is the one promise Jonah makes to God (2:9)? Jonah's "vow" refers to the "sacrifice" mentioned in the first half of the verse. Interestingly, he is not affirming his commitment to go to Nineveh, but to return to the safety of Jerusalem and offer sacrifices of thanksgiving to God. Who does Jonah attribute his circumstances to (2:3)? Who is the real cause of his trouble? Whose sin does Jonah condemn (2:8)? Whose sin should he have condemned (Ps. 32:5; 51:1-4)? rightnow MEDIA

w would Jonah have responded if he were truly entant?	
ssible answers include:	
 Confessing his sin Asking for forgiveness Committing to obey God's call to go to Nineveh Praising God for His mercy Thanking God for eternal salvation as opposed to 	
temporal salvation	
at are some ways we fake repentance today?	
w have we used good things (small groups, church, nmunity, etc.) to ignore the areas God wants to inge in our lives?	
w does a defensive attitude about our failures ect a lack of repentance?	
GO DEEPER	
Learn more about the importance of confession for true repentance through these verses:	
Ps. 32:3–5; Prov. 28:13; Jas. 5:15–16; 1 John 1:8–9	
How would you define confession according to these passages?	1
-	
to these passages? What do they say about the results of	
to these passages? What do they say about the results of confession? What do they say about the results of	
to these passages? What do they say about the results of confession? What do they say about the results of refusing to confess? In light of these passages, how could your	
to these passages? What do they say about the results of confession? What do they say about the results of refusing to confess? In light of these passages, how could your	
to these passages? What do they say about the results of confession? What do they say about the results of refusing to confess? In light of these passages, how could your	

What are some of the temporal circumstances that distract us today?	
Possible answers may include:	
Our childrenJobsBoss	
Co-workersFinances	
One of the ways Eric said we can veer toward	
counterfeit repentance is by focusing on getting out of our difficult circumstances instead of looking for what	
God desires to teach us in the midst of them. Why is an eternal focus an important part of true repentance?	
What is keeping you from true repentance today? In what ways can you identify with Jonah's counterfeit	
attempts?	
Eric offered the following contrasts between counterfeit and true repentance:	
Counterfeit repentance is self focused; true	
 repentance is God focused. Counterfeit repentance is circumstance focused; true repentance is eternity focused. 	
 Counterfeit repentance lacks honest confession of sin. 	
One of the main ways we determine false repentance in our lives is by inviting others to speak honestly about	
what they see in us. Take a minute to think of someone trustworthy you could consider inviting into your life to	
point out false repentance.	
How do you feel about asking someone to do that?	
What hesitations do you have?	
Triat incollations do you have.	
What kind of positive impact do you think a relationship like that would have on your life?	
Despite his disobedience, Jonah continues to	
experience the unceasing mercies of God. Today, you and I enjoy that same love of God through faith in Jesus	
Christ. How does the good news of God's patient love	
encourage you today?	

LAST WORD	
We all have blind spots, those areas of our walk with Christ that do not line up completely with God's Word. Coming to terms with our counterfeit forms of spirituality is a vulnerable and revealing process, but it leads to life.	
As the body of Christ, we are called to encourage one another in truth, which means living in honest enough community for that to occur. Remember God's love for you in Christ and let it embolden you toward confession and repentance wherever it is needed.	
LIVE IT OUT	
Prayer: Read Jonah 2 followed by 1 John 1:8–9 at least four days this week. After doing so, ask God to reveal to you any false repentance in your life for the sake of healing.	
Confession: The act of confession is one of agreeing with God's Word as truth. As He brings to light false repentance in your life, confess it to Him and another trusted believer. Then believe in His promise to cleanse you of all unrighteousness.	
Forgive: Has someone sinned against you? Have they refused to own the pain they caused? Or falsely repented? By faith, forgive them today and seek to love them with patient kindness, like God did with Jonah.	
Write: List the top three worldly distractions that shift your perspective from an eternal perspective. Place the list somewhere you will see it on a daily basis and ask God to help you view them differently.	
Community: Pick one or two trusted believers in your life and ask them to identify any false repentance they see in your life.	

Session 5: Jonah 3:1–5	
OPEN	
Think about someone who modeled for you an inappropriate way of obeying authorities in life (a friend who talked about their parents disrespectfully in private, a coworker who took shortcuts at work when the boss was away, a husband/wife who constantly complained about serving their spouse, etc.).	
What did you learn from them? Why was their "obedience" wrong? How did it affect others?	
READ	
Read Jonah 3:1–5.	
WATCH	
Show Session 5: Jonah 3:1–5 (8:25 minutes).	
DISCUSS	
Leader : Have someone read out loud 1:1–3.	
How does the structure of 3:1–3 parallel 1:1–3? What are the similarities? What are the differences?	
What does it tell us about Jonah at this point in the story?	
At the very least, it is evidence that he has grown, though the path of discipleship is far from over for him.	
ightnow MEDIA	

DUST OFF THE HEBREW

The same term, *qara*, meaning "to proclaim" or "to call" is used throughout Jonah. In 3:2, God uses the same word in His instructions to Jonah, but with an important variation. In 1:2, the verb is paired with the preposition, al, typically translated "against." Routinely, that combination (qara al = "call out/proclaim against") is used throughout Scripture to designate a threat of coming judgment (1 Kings. 13:4, 32; Jer. 49:29; Lam. 1:15). In 3:2, God speaks with a different preposition (el), meaning "to." When this pairing (qara el = "call out/proclaim to") is used elsewhere in Scripture, it designates a message of deliverance or call to repentance, one that includes the hope of deliverance either explicitly or implicitly (Deut. 20:10; Isa. 40:2; Zech. 1:4). In other words, the message God instructs Jonah to preach to the Ninevites appears to have the promise of deliverance if they repent from their evil ways. God is willing to forgive.

God takes no delight in destroying people. He desires repentance from all. The prophet Jeremiah, who	
appeared on the scene about a century after the time of Jonah, illustrates this truth vividly. Someone read Jeremiah 18:7–8.	
How are these verses reflected in the way God	
responds to the Ninevites?	
Jeremiah received a similar call from God to preach repentance to a disobedient people. The only	
difference is that his audience was the nation of Israel rather than its enemies. God's people had pursued	
disobedience, much like Jonah despite the many examples of His faithfulness to them throughout history. Yet, He did not cast them off, the same truth we see in	
Jonah. In the midst of his disobedience, his rebellion, and his calloused heart toward the lost, God continued	
to offer him a second chance along with the opportunity for repentance.	
When have you experienced God graciously offer you a second chance?	
What did it teach you about His character?	
How should this example from the life of Jonah encourage us in obedience?	
Jonah shows a level of obedience by going to Nineveh	
and beginning to preach, but as Eric observed, his actions show a heart that lacks compassion for people	
in need of God's message of salvation.	
How do Jonah's actions show that he still lacks a disposition of obedience to God?	
disposition of obedience to God?	
 disposition of obedience to God? Possible answers may include: He has shown no signs of true repentance. He is focused on his own circumstances rather than others. 	
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GO DEEPER Learn more about the danger of bitterness through these verses: Prov. 14:10; Eph. 4:31-32; Heb. 12:14-15; Jas. 4:1; 1 John 4:7–8 How would you describe bitterness? In what ways does bitterness keep us from having compassion for the lost? How does it distract us from obedience to God? What should we do to pursue freedom from bitterness? How did the Ninevites respond to Jonah's preaching? What does their response tell us about their spiritual disposition? **DUST OFF THE HEBREW** We are not given a clear look into the message God asked Jonah to preach. At best, the book says that God wants him to "call out against" Nineveh's evil (1:2) and deliver the message "that I tell you" (3:2). When Jonah begins to preach (3:4), his sermon in the original language is a mere five words long. It includes no reason for the threat of destruction, no call to repentance, and no hope for salvation. Yet, the Ninevites repent and obey the word of the Lord. Five words change the spiritual landscape of a city. At the same time, they are uttered by a man who, having just experienced God's compassion for sinners, did not desire to see that grace given to others. Jonah is a convicting example that should make us

the grace of God.

mindful of our tendency to play favorites with

What does Jonah's message reveal about his heart toward the Ninevites?	
Why is heartless obedience so dangerous?	
Eric gave three reasons:	
 It makes God seem like a cruel master rather than a gracious Father. 	
It keeps our hearts from true service. It was a service is a live and a service is the live and a service. It was a service is a live a service in the live and a service is the live and a service in the live and a service. It was a service is a live and a service in the live and a service is a service in the live and a s	
 It robs us of joy in His work of salvation in the lives of others. 	
GO DEEPER	
Learn more the nature of true obedience	
through these verses:	
Deut. 6:5; Matt. 22:34–40; John 6:25–29	
How do these verses connect our inner lives with outward obedience?	
What effect do our heart motivations have on our obedience?	
How do these verses help you better	
understand the obedience of Jesus?	
In what ways does He provide the perfect model for obedience?	
Because of the gospel, God has provided the	
opportunity for change regardless of where we find burselves today. He is a God of second chances and His	
patience toward us should produce in us compassion	
oward others.	
Who do you struggle to have compassion for in your	
ife? How might hearing their story change the way you think about them?	
How is obedience to God testing your desire for comfort today?	
Whore is God calling you to stan out in abadiance?	
Where is God calling you to step out in obedience? How have you responded to His call?	
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LAST WORD No one ever said obedience would be easy—especially not Jesus (John 16:33). If we can learn anything from His example, it's that obedience in this life is difficult and painful. We are prone to wander as creation distracts our attention from the Creator. Fortunately, our God is faithful to draw us back to Himself at whatever cost. At times, God has to remove the prosperity we lean on in order for us to see what we have been ignoring. We veer toward heartless obedience when we take our eyes off of Jesus Christ, our Savior who left behind His comforts to come into this world and offer up His life so that we could be restored to God. True obedience begins with the love of God. When His love transforms our hearts, it places our hope in something greater than the comforts this world has to offer. We cannot muster up true obedience on our own. First, it requires God's transformative work in our hearts through faith in Jesus Christ. By His grace, He molds us, shapes us, and redirects us when we have wandered because He is a compassionate God full of love.

LIVE IT OUT Prayer: Ask God for the ability to hear His Word like the Ninevites. Pray that He would further soften your heart to His gospel to anchor your life in His truth. **Proclaim:** As believers, God has called us into the joy of disciple making (Matt. 28:18-20). Think of those in your life who do not believe in Jesus Christ. Pray for opportunities to share the gospel with them and be bold in grace and truth when God opens the door to do so. Surrender: Through Jesus, God has given us all a second chance despite our rebellion. As you think on this truth, come up with three ways you can surrender your preferences to serve someone else this week. Praise: Reflect on your relationship with Christ. How has God given you a second chance? What has He forgiven? How has He changed you? As you meditate on God's faithfulness, worship Him through prayer and praise for what He has done. Second Chance: Despite his disobedience, God offered Jonah a second chance. How can you do the same for someone in your midst? Consider the resources God has blessed you with and list out three ways you can use them to help provide a second chance for someone.

Session 6: Jonah 3:6–10	
OPEN	
	
Have you ever felt trapped? Stuck in an elevator? Held underwater? Locked in a car?	
What were your feelings, thoughts, and emotions? What changed when you experienced freedom?	
Sin traps us and when we refuse to pursue genuine repentance, we keep ourselves in a self-imposed prison.	
READ	
Read Jonah 3:6–10.	
WATCH	
Show Session 6: <i>Jonah 3:6–10.</i> (8:55 minutes).	
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DISCUSS Jonah 3:5 points out that belief in God had spread throughout the city of Nineveh despite the short tenure of Jonah's preaching as well as the brevity of his message. How did the "king of Nineveh" hear Jonah's message? The phrase "the word reached the king of Nineveh" suggests Jonah's message likely came to the royal figure by way of his citizens rather than a private audience with Jonah. In other words, the message of God spread quickly. How did he respond? We can make the following observations from the passage: He rose from his throne. He took off his royal robe. • He dressed in sackcloth. He sat among ashes. • He issued a citywide decree requiring fasting, sackcloth, and penitent prayer. In other words, he identified himself with the rest of his people—guilty before God—and devoted himself to approving and participating in the repentance occurring among his people. Why do you think the Ninevites responded this way? What did they recognize about themselves? As Eric explained, dressing in sackcloth was an act of symbolizing a state of mourning over the reality of personal sin. Through fasting, sackcloth, and urgent prayer, the Ninevites demonstrated that they understood their situation—they gave up their entitlements to embrace their need for God.

DUST OFF THE HEBREW

Part of the king's decree to his people included the command to prayer. Our English Bibles incorporate an adverbial form of the Hebrew term, bichazpah, which they translate as "urgently" or "mightily." Its literal meaning is "with strength." In other words, the king commanded his people to call out to God with strength and force after hearing Jonah's message. His actions and those he requires of his people illustrate the depth of conviction they felt after receiving God's Word.

To truly trust in Christ, we first have to experience conviction about sin in our own lives or else we will

never see our need for Him to save us. Though we might not have responded exactly as the Ninevites, life in Christ occurs through surrendering to and receiving the forgiveness of God through faith in His Son. In what ways did your recognition of sin resemble that of the Ninevites?	
In what ways did you cry out to God for help "with strength"?	
How might a response like the Ninevites' look in a more modern context?	
ightnow MEDIA	

GO DEEPER Learn more about the biblical understanding of sin through these verses: Ps. 51:5; Rom. 3:23; 5:12; 14:23; 1 John 3:4 In light of these verses, how does the Bible describe sin? We learn that we are sinners by nature (Ps. 51:5), everyone has sinned (Rom. 3:23), sin spread to all of humanity through Adam (Rom. 5:12), anything not motivated by faith in Christ is sin (Rom. 14:23), and we sin when we rebel against God's commands (1 John 3:4). How does the response of the Ninevites to their sin differ from that of Jonah in chapter 2? Which response would you say you are most like when it comes to the way you react to sin in your life? rightnow MEDIA

Repentance is a comprehensive act that requires soul reflection guided by the Holy Spirit, as well as the willingness to let go of whatever distracts us from God. Like the Ninevites, we must be willing to lay aside our luxuries and desires if they get in the way of our relationship with God.	
What are some fundamentally good things God has called you to let go of in order to walk in deeper fellowship with Him? (relationships, career, money, etc.)	
What might He be calling you to let go of today?	
Eric said that true repentance means being soul reflective and asking God to search our hearts to bring to light any sinful ways.	
Someone read Psalm 139:23–24.	
What does soul reflection look like in your life?	
How do the Ninevites model being "soul reflective" for us?	
The Ninevites repent without any guarantee that God would turn from His threat of disaster.	
Someone read Jonah 3:9–10 again.	
How does God respond to the repentance of the Ninevites (3:10)?	
What does His response teach us about His character?	
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rightnow MEDIA	

DUST OFF THE HEBREW Upon seeing their repentance, God "relented" of the disaster He threatened to bring upon the Ninevites. The original Hebrew term is *nicham*, which carries a variety of meanings depending on context. However, it always brings with it a sense of emotional pain (Exod. 32:14; 1 Chron. 21:15; Job 42:6; Ps. 106:45; Isa. 57:6). Here, it refers to an action God considered, but never fulfilled because of how the Ninevites responded to His judgment. This scene is a beautiful illustration of the truth that God desires to redeem and reconcile those He has created. He takes no delight in the destruction of sinners (Ezek. 18:32). How does God's response to the Ninevites encourage you today? Does it correct a wrong view of Him that has kept you from repentance? Why or why not? What did Eric point to as the "fruit" of repentance? (It increases our ability to bear spiritual fruit in service to Jesus Christ.) Where is God calling you into repentance today? What, if anything, is holding you back? **LAST WORD** As human beings, we are easily distracted. If we are not careful, any number of fundamentally good things (relationships, wealth, possessions, etc.) can come to replace God as the priority of our lives. When that happens, we have to be willing to let go of them. You may have heard people accuse God of being a "cosmic killjoy" because He sometimes asks us to give up things that are important to us. The truth is God only desires to remove from us those things that would keep

Christ.

us from Him. Repentance is hard, but fruitful. It leads to greater fellowship with God and bears fruit in service to

LIVE IT OUT Prayer: We often lack seriousness toward the sin that remains in us. Ask God to increase your sensitivity to your sin for the purpose of walking forward with Jesus Christ in purity and healing. **Confession:** If you reached the end of this session having clearly identified personal sin you are harboring, seek out a mature Christian friend or pastor and confess to him or her. Trust in the forgiveness extended to you in Jesus. Soul Reflection: Set aside time this week to evaluate your spiritual life, much like you would in any other performance evaluation. What are you doing well? Where are you struggling? Accountability: As you pursue freedom from sin, ask a trusted believer to reach out to you periodically for encouragement and help. **Encouragement:** Do you know someone feeling crushed by his or her sin? If so, reach out to them this week with a word of hope. Spend time helping them to remember the love of God for them in Christ and make yourself available to walk with them in whatever way they need for pursuing freedom.

Session 7: Jonah 4:1–4	
OPEN	
Have you ever felt angry when something good happened to a person you don't like? (Envy at a coworker's promotion, desiring praise someone else receives, wishing you owned something a friend has, etc.)	
What does it reveal about our priorities when we grow angry at the blessings others receive?	
As we've seen throughout this series, God is at work in the heart of Jonah. Despite his many experiences of grace, Jonah continues to walk in bitterness and desires destruction for his enemies rather than repentance. When we take an honest inventory of our own lives, we find that we struggle with the same tendency today. All too often, we desire God's gifts for ourselves while hoping He refrains from giving them to others, especially those we dislike.	
READ	
Read Jonah 4:1–4.	
WATCH	
Show Session 7: Jonah 4:1–4 (8:35 minutes).	
ahtnow MEDIA	

DISCUSS At this point, Jonah has completed the task God set before him, albeit begrudgingly. Even more, it was a huge success. Nineveh heard the word of God and responded rightly. Both God's response and Jonah's give us insight into the character of their hearts. How does Jonah's response (4:1) to the Ninevites' repentance differ from God's response (3:10)? What does the difference tell us about Jonah's disposition? He had the right information, but the wrong disposition. What pleased God angered Jonah. **DUST OFF THE HEBREW** A literal translation of verse 1 reads, "It was evil to Jonah, a great evil and it burned him." The term ra'ah (evil) is the same word God uses to describe the deeds of Nineveh (1:2) as well as the deeds the Ninevites turned away from in obedience to God (3:10). Here, Jonah considers the "cooling off" of God's anger as ra'ah. Rather than rejoice in the salvation and preservation of Nineveh, Jonah hated God's mercy to the people and burned with anger towards that which pleased God. In the end, he missed out on the joy of God's redemptive work because of his own self-centeredness. According to 4:2, why did Jonah flee to Tarshish (1:3)? When have you experienced God's compassion extended to those you do not like? How does bitterness cause us to misunderstand God's compassion for all people? rightnow MEDIA

GO DEEPER	
Learn more about Jonah's accusation against	
God from the following passages: Exod. 34:6–7; Num. 14:18; Neh. 9:17; Ps. 86:15;	
103:8; 145:8; Joel 2:13	
How do these verses use the same words of Jonah in terms of their posture toward God?	
What does 4:2 indicate about Jonah's understanding of Scripture?	
How does Jonah use God's self-description in this passage?	
Whereas the passages above reveal a posture of worship on the part of the authors, Jonah means it as an accusation against God.	
In what ways does 4:2 illustrate Jonah's disconnect between what he claims to believe and how it is displayed through his actions?	
What circumstances has God used in your life to eveal your true view of His character? How has He raciously intervened to surface the disconnect etween what you claim to believe and what your ctions communicate?	
respite having experienced God's grace repeatedly, when the Ninevites repent Jonah accuses God of nfairly distributing His grace to Jonah's enemies.	
Vhat does Jonah ask of God in response to the linevites' repentance (4:3)?	
low does God answer Jonah's request (4:4)?	
What does His answer tell us about the heart of God?	
ntnow MEDIA	

DUST OFF THE HEBREW

As seen previously, Jonah's accusation against God comes through his use of a well-known formula for describing the Lord (4:2). Part of the formula includes the phrase, *rab hesed*, which means, "abounding in steadfast love." There are no English words to properly convey the meaning of *hesed*, but it refers to God's covenant love with His people and underscores His unfailing faithfulness, kindness, and loyalty. Jonah experienced God's *hesed* repeatedly throughout his journey, yet desired that it be kept from the Ninevites. Though his anger may have been understandable, it was clearly unjust because it failed to display the loving faithfulness of God to all people.

journey, yet desired that it be kept from the Ninevites. Though his anger may have been understandable, it was clearly unjust because it failed to display the loving faithfulness of God to all people. Like the story of Jonah, God regularly shows kindness toward sinners, but not so that we can remain in our sin. God extends His kindness to lead us into repentance from our sin (Rom. 2:4). How should God's kindness cause us to view the sin in our lives? In what ways do we tend to live like Jonah? What does our behavior reveal about our view of God's character? What is keeping you from full submission to God's call today? How will you begin to ask Him to do surgery on your heart?

LAST WORD Sin is sinister. We are prone to wander into selfcenteredness, sometimes to the point of viewing God's blessing to others with anger, like Jonah. The grace of God knows no boundaries and no matter how hard we try, we cannot control His compassion for others. Rather, God extends His kindness to us to provide us with the opportunity to pursue repentance. Even more, He is willing to answer certain prayers with a "no" to keep us from further harm to ourselves. Most of us like what God says from a distance. When He calls us into action, our hearts are exposed and the real work of life with Christ begins. No matter where you find yourself today, no matter how difficult obedience seems, remember the kindness of God as He leads you into selfless freedom. **LIVE IT OUT Prayer:** Start at least four days out of the next week by asking God to shed light on any misplaced anger in your life. As He does, pursue forgiveness and reconciliation in response. Memorize: Commit to memory James 1:19–20. Strive to apply it to your day-to-day interactions with others. Practice being quick to hear, slow to speak, and slow to anger. **Settle Anger:** Before finishing your days this week, do whatever necessary to rid yourself of anger. If you are in conflict, apologize, seek forgiveness, and share openly to make peace in submission to God's Word. **Spread Compassion:** Think of someone in your life you struggle to love. After doing so, write down three ways you can serve them compassionately this week. Make a point to follow through on at least one by next week. Consider Speech: How do you speak to and about others? In your family? At work? At church? Think deeply about the influence of your words. Intentionally make changes that will make your speech an encouragement to those around you.

Session 8: Jonah 4:5–11	
OPEN	
Think of a time you struggled to share with another person. What was it you did not want to share? Why?	
Likely, the image that comes to mind is from our childhood, hoarding our toys from others. We associate that kind of selfishness with childishness, but it's exactly what Jonah did by experiencing God's grace and refusing to share it with the Ninevites.	
READ	
Read Jonah 4:5–11.	
WATCH	
Show Session 8: Jonah 4:5–11 (6:05 minutes).	
DISCUSS	
As our study draws to a close, we'll take a look at God's continued education of Jonah. In love, our God is faithful to discipline those He loves.	
Judging by his actions, how does Jonah answer God's question from 4:4? (Rather than acknowledging his own sin Jonah chose to focus on Nineveh.)	
What are some of the ways Jonah had experienced God's grace up to this point? The following is a list of examples from the book:	
 God's call (1:1–2; 3:1–2) The corrective storm (1:4) The kindness of the sailors (1:6, 10, 13, 15–16) • The great fish (1:17) Answered prayer (2:1, 10) Favor in ministry (3:5) Nineveh's repentance (3:10) God's questioning confrontation (4:4) 	

DUST OFF THE HEBREW In 4:5, we are told that Jonah found a place to the east of the city where he sat to "see" what would happen to Nineveh. The same Hebrew verb is used in 3:10 to describe God's decision to relent from the disaster He promised after He "saw" the repentance of the Ninevites. The two words could not illustrate a deeper contrast between the two characters. Whereas God looked at the transformation of Nineveh with great joy, Jonah saw God's grace upon the city with anger and hoped they would return to evil in order to justly receive punishment. As you reflect on your life, how have you experienced God's grace and mercy? How could those experiences change the way you view others—especially those who do not have a relationship with Jesus Christ? In what ways is God calling you to grow in compassion for the lost today? Jonah enjoyed his own experience of God's grace, but hated the idea of that same grace being distributed to his enemies. However, this passage shows us that God is faithful not only to save the lost, but also to produce repentance in the lives of those He has called. What is God trying to teach Jonah by appointing the plant, the worm, and the scorching wind? How does this scene reveal the inconsistency of Jonah's faith? Despite witnessing God's repeated deliverance, as well as the repentance of both the sailors and the Ninevites, the first recorded instance of Jonah rejoicing is over the shade given by the plant (4:6). rightnow MEDIA

GO DEEPER

Learn more about the discipline of God from the following passages:

Deut. 8:5; Prov. 3:11-12; Heb. 12:5-11; Rev. 3:19

How does God's discipline differ from worldly forms of discipline? What is the intent of God's discipline?

What is He trying to accomplish?

How does God discipline Jonah throughout the book?

How should we respond to God's discipline in our own lives?

God's discipline is a function of His love. He does not discipline us without purpose. Rather, He means it to lead us into repentance for the sake of walking in intimacy with our Father. God cares for His children such that He is willing to disrupt our lives for the sake of turning us away from what will ultimately destroy us—just like He did with Jonah.

DUST OFF THE HEBREW

The word, *mana*, is used four times throughout the book of Jonah. Most English Bibles translate the term, "provided" or "appointed." In Jonah, it is always used to indicate God's sovereign activity in human affairs. He appoints the great fish (1:17), the plant (4:6), the worm (4:7), and the scorching east wind (4:8)—all of which illustrate acts of mercy on the part of God to draw Jonah out of his sin and into repentance. Those circumstances Jonah found most inconvenient were of God's design for his own good. The same is true when we face discipline in our own lives. God loves us enough to orchestrate circumstances that confront us in our sin providing the opportunity for repentance.

God's questions in verses 9–11 expose Jonah's	
hypocrisy—he is troubled over a plant God created for	
Jonah's comfort, but not troubled over the people God	
created in His image.	
-	
Read Romans 5:7–8.	
neda nemana en	
How does the model of Jesus contrast with	
Jonah? (Jonah was called to his enemies and fled in	
rebellion to God. Jesus was called to His enemies and	
laid down His life in obedience to God.)	
What obstacles keep you from loving others the way	
God has loved you?	
Possible answers may include:	
 Unforgiveness 	
 Bitterness 	
Anger	
 Personal comfort 	
Where is God calling you to show compassion, to	
forgive, to love selflessly?	
What about your life was do to about a to wall in	
What about your life needs to change to walk in	
greater obedience to God?	
greater obedience to God?	
greater obedience to God? LAST WORD	
LAST WORD	
The book of Jonah ends with an unanswered question,	
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LIVE IT OUT Prayer: Rather than leave you to judgment without hope, God sent His Son to give His life for you, His enemy. Start each day this week on your knees, asking God to keep your heart fixed on that truth. Reflect: How has God clearly shown His grace to you in the past? Write the five instances that most stand out to you and put the note somewhere you will see it on a daily basis as a reminder of His grace. Show Grace: When we receive grace, we receive something we do not deserve. Think of someone in your life who does not deserve grace and be intentional about showing him or her grace over the coming week (family, work, neighbor, fellow believer, etc.). List: Make two columns on a piece of paper. In one, think back on the book of Jonah and write down all of his ungodly characteristics. In the other, write out the perfect characteristics of Jesus in contrast to Jonah. After doing so, see where your life lines up and ask God to lead you into greater Christ-likeness. **Worship:** Walk into church this week with anticipatory joy. Gather with fellow believers and praise God in worship and truth, remembering the grace He has shown to you and thanking Him for the grace He will sustain you with going forward.



